

Newes of this present weeke

from Germany, Italy, and Spaine, the
greatest that came these many yeers,
in one weeke.

The generall heads are as follow :

A great overthrow given by Generall *Stalhanse*, to the Count
of Mansfield in Silesia.

A greater blow given to *Piccolomini*, by Generall *Bannier* in
Saxonic, neere Erfurd.

Two great victories obtained by the French in Italy, with
the taking Prisoner of Prince *Thomas* of Savoy,
as the Letters report.

The generall discontent of the Subjects of the King of Spain
in Catalona, a Kingdome bordering upon
France.

With other very remarkable passages.

LONDON,

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With Privilege.



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Norimberg.

Millaine, 6. 16. May.

THE French Generall Count of Harcourt hath caused to bee pillaged and burned downe in his return from Cazall towards Thurino many places in Piemont and Montferat, which heertofore denied him provision for his Armie, he hath likewise fired the faire place of Firenzo, where he caused the inhabitants to bee chased into the fire, and three of the chiefe st to be nailed to the gate, where they hung so long till they were starved; afterwards he pitched his campe within an howres going from Thurino, and thought to master the said Citie with the helpe of some traitors, and a mine, which from the Castle went very farre into the Citie, but being it was discovered to Prince *Thomas*, hee turned all the French Merchants out of the Citie, and did cast into prison many chiefe Citizens, as also the Count of Harcourts Secretarie, who got secretly into the Citie, and caused some of the ringleaders to be hanged: wherefore the said Count of Harcourt assailed one passage which was but one quarter of howres going from the Citie, and though he was beaten off three or fowre times with some losse by the Marquis *Serra*, yet at last he mastered the same, and put all to the sword in it: afterwards hee mastered also the bridge over the River of Poe, the Suburbs of Thurino, as also Settio and other places, that no reliefe and provision can be brought into the Citie; wherefore our Governour Marquis *de Leganes* rose from Verzelly and marched thitherwards with the Armie consisting of eightene thousand men both horse and foot, to succour and relieve the said Citie, with the helpe of Prince *Thomas*: at Finate are likewise arrived 14.

Galleies with three thousand foot, as also foure hundred chests with Reals, and 200. thousand crownes in gold for this Citie, those three thousand souldiers are marching already towards the Armie. The Duke of Parma is now at Venice, it is thought that he will likewise come into the League, and the French King is likewise desired by the Pope to come into it.

The Spaniards had an enterprise in hand against the Citie of Leucata, wherefore the French fortifie the same place more and more, and draw together all the forces in Languedock. Marshal *de Shomberg* is carried prisoner into the Castle at Mompelien, what the reason of it is, is not knowne.

Basel, 8. 18. May.

The French King hath sent 900000. Francks to the Weymarish Armie, Lievetenant Generall *Tupadel*, Fieldmarshall *Shmitberger*, *Shavelitzky*, *Zilhart*, and other Colonels are yet at Strasburg, they have no great mind to go to the Armie, because Baron *de Oiffenville*, unto whom are sent yet from Paris 300000. francks is to command as the French Kings Lievetenant in Brisack next after Generall Major *Erlack*, but Colonel *Hatzstein* will not condescend unto it, except he sees first order from the Directors of the Weymarish Armie. The Imperialists straggle continually with strong parties into Allatia, and at Shoenaw in the Plackwood five houres going from hence some hundreds are enquartered.

Colten 10. 20. May.

The Count of Guyche fortifies his camp before Chatlemon. still more and more, the losse before Cazall causeth great alteration, Monsieur *de Bordeaux* is to lead ten thousand men more into Italy, and *Villeroy* fixe thousand, and Monsieur *Hallier* is to lead

lead six thousand men to the Duke of Longueville his Armie.

Strasburg May 11. 21.

On Saturday last the Imperiall Colonell *Bamberger* with 1000. men both horse and foote had an enterprize in hand against the City of Hagenaw, but his plot was discovered by an untimely shot, and was forced to retire.

Eysfield May 15. 25.

The Imperiall and Swedish Armie ly on the River of Saala neare Salsfield within a musquet shot one from the other, they play uncessantly both day and night with their Canons one against another, especially the other day Generall *Bannier* plaid most fiercely against the Bavarians, with 3000. horse strong came into the Campe; the rest of the Bavarian troops ly likewise not farre from the Imperiall campe, and expect within few daies the rest of their troopes, which are drawne together from all places, insomuch that without all question we shall shortly heare of great blowes, to which end hot skirmishes passe already betwixt them every day, and the Imperialists have taken prisoners diverse of the Luneburgish troopes. The Imperiall commissarie Fuse, who went to Erfurd to Generall *Bannier*, is come back agine to Cronach, where he was put into prison, it is thought, that he will loose his life.

Collen May 27. 37.

The Imperiall Colonell *Meuter* hath by a stratgеме the strong Castle of Sieberg, which was guarded by the Duke of Newburg his forces, the letters from Paris of the 9. 19. of this moneth certifie; that the French King is gone towards Rein to bee the nearer to the siege before Charlemont, and at Paris

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was sung *Te Deum laudamus* for the victory, which the French had before Cazall.

Hambergh May 9. 19.

The King of Denmark continues still to leave strong forces both for sea and land, insomuch that by all appearance it will prove a warre betwixt him and the Hollanders. The 5. of this moneth *Otto Brukman*, who was sent Embassador by the Duke of Holstein to the king of Persia, was beheaded at Gotterp.

Erfurd May 17. 27.

After that Generall *Bannier* was gone with his Armie towards the river of Saala, the Imperialists put themselves into battle betwixt the river of Saala and Salsfield, but being the Swedes plaid so fiercely against them with their Canons, the y were forced to forsake that ground, and on the other side of the City of Salsfield in a valley they put themselves into battle thinking to keepe back there the Swedish Army but some of the Swedish Regiments got immediatly with 40. peeces of ordinance over the River of Saala, took by force the Redout which the Imperialists had made upon the Hill, in which action Colonel *Slang* lost his right arme, which was shot off by a peece of ordinance, whereupon the Swedes planted immediatly their Canons upon the hill, wherewith they plaid most fiercely into the Imperiall Campe, and kild a great many of the Imperialists, insomuch that they were forced to forsake the same valley and they lie now in a valley betwixt two hills, wherefore Colonel *Coning smark* is commanded with many troopes to cut off from them below the forrage and provision, that for want of them they may likewise be forced to rise from thence, to which end the Swedes have taken already the Magazins, which the Imperialists had at Hahla, Newstat and Besnick, wherein they found

found a great store of provision, and obtained a great number of wagons loaden with provision, which intended to goe to the Imperiall Campe, both parties shoote yet with their Canons uncessantly one against another, in so much that on both sides above foure thousand men are slaine already, the Swedes strive above all to take the baggage from the Imperiallists, for within five or six daies both parties will bee forced to looke out of other quarters: at this instant we heare that the Imperiall Armie is retiring towards Frangonia, the Barbarian forces lie for the present yet about Hilpershausen six leagues from Pizolomines Armie. From Vienna and Prague we have no other newes, but 11. 21. of this moneth, the Emperour is risen from thence and gone towards Regenspurg, the report goes, that a generall Dyet shall be kept there.

From Frankford.

Lyon May 2. 12.

THE Burgundians with some few troopes are come unawares before Poligny and sling many fire bals and hand Granacons into it; wherefore the Marquis of Villaroy, who with his Armie lies at Borde three leagues from Chalon hath commanded thitherwards with all speede five hundred foote and foure 100. horse to succour the said place. This weeke many troopes both horse and foote are passed hereby and gone towards Piemont to joyne with the Count of Harcourt.

Being the Spanyards in Catalogina have some enterprise in hand against the City of Lemata, wherefore the French Governour there *Monsieur Despinan* causeth the said City to bee more fortified, and in Languedok they draw all the French troopes together.

Griffenberg

Greiffenberg in Silesia May 4. 14.

The ninth of this moneth the Saxon and Brandenburgish Regiments of horse arived about Sittaw, from thence they thought to goe towards Hirshberg to joyne theirs with the Imperiall Armie under the command of the Count of Mansfield, to which end they had come as farre already as Lawben, where they received intelligence, that Generall Major *Stolhans* with eight Regiments of horse was come already as farre as Hirshberg, wherefore the Saxon and Branderburgish Regiments were forced to retire, because the tenth of this moneth the said Generall Major *Stolhans* had charged already the Imperiall troopes about Shoene betwixt Hirshberg and Goldenberg namely seven Regiments of horse, which together with two peeces of Ordnance thought to goe towards Hirshberg to begin the same, and the foot forces together with the rest of the Artillerie should have followed from Striega, but the said Generall Major *Stolhans* in his fuery fell upon three Imperiall Regiments of horse, and dispersed the same and obtained the two peeces of Ordnance together with all the baggage, the other four Imperiall Regiments of horse were chased as farre as Smicberg Landshut and Striega, which action both Colonels *Palefsky* & *Limpo* were taken prisoners. The 8. Swedish Regiments lie yet about Hirshberg: this day the aforesaid Generall Major *Stolhans* is to have his Head quarter at Lemberg 2. leagues from hence.

Basel May 8. 18.

The Imperiall Captaine *Bessinger* hath stragled againe as far as Benfield, intercepted some of these French and Wemariish souldiers and returned with a good booty to Phillipsberg.

Dresden

Dresden the 8. 18. of May.

After that the Castle of Tetschen was surrendred unto the Imperialists and Saxons, the Saxon Generall Sergeant Major *Delau* came yesterday hither againe with the Artillerie; And at this instant we receive likewise avisoës, that the Castle of *Toylitz* was yesterday likewise surrendred by composition. Generall Major *Stollhans* hath chased the Saxon horsemen beyond *Sittaw*, and the Brandenburgish horsemen are gone again towards *Berlin*.

Duringen the 11. 21. of May.

Generall *Piccolomini* lyes in his entrenched campe betwixt *lehna* and *Salfeld* on th' other side of the River of *Saala*, and the Swedish Army about *Rudelstatt* on this side, where they one against another out of ½ Canons play vnceffantly. The Imperialists expect every day the Bavarian Army, as soone as they have joyned together we shall heare of great newes, because for want of forrage they will not be able to lye long there, but must fight a pitch'd battaile: Generall *Banniers* Ladie and some Officers, which were left at *Erfurd*, are gone this day with a Convoy vnder the command of Colonell *Hoigings* towards the Army, insomuch that it is believed, that Generall *Bannier* will march towards *Gera* and *Zwickaw*. The Imperiall Colonell *Gill de Haas* hath close besieged againe the Castle of *Masfeld*, and straggle as farre as *Eysenach*.

Antwerp the 12. 22. of May.

From *Artois* is written, that the *French* intend to march likewise towards *Flanders*, and to joyne with the *Hollanders*, wherefore the Imperiall Generall Major *Lamboy* is to joyne with the Prince Cardinall Infanta, insomuch that it will prove a bloody summer.

Vienna the 13. 23. of May.

The Emperour hath bestowed vpon the Ambassadour of *Turkie* a stately golden chaine, and the peace with the Emperour of *Turky* *Sultan Ibraim* is confirmed, whereupon the 11. 21. of this moneth his Majestie went from hence towards *Regensburg*, where a generall Dyete shall be kept.

Bonn the 15. 25 of May.

Yesterday morning 400 Imperiall soldiers under the command of Colonell *Menter*, which came from Mulheim, have taken the strong castle of Sieburg being guarded by the Duke of *Newburg* his forces, which made a shew as if they would carry Hay and straw into the said Castle, fell presently vpon the watch and thus tooke the City and Castle by force.

During the 16. 26. of May.

Generall *Bannier* lyes with his army yet about Rudelstatt, and the Imperiall Generall *Piccolomini* at Salsfeld, the Bavarian succour consisting of 17. Regiments hath now joyned with the said *Piccolomini*. Before the Bavarian troopes arrived, Generall *Bannier* gave an assault vpon the Roten-Hill neare Salsfeld, to see whether he could play from thence into *Piccolominis* Campe, which at last he mastered, in which action Generall Major *Pful* was slaine, Colonell *Slanghs* right arme shot off, and Colonell *Bawer* dangerously shot, besides many other Officers, insomuch that on both sides above 4000 men are already slaine, the Swedes have taken from the Imperialists 2. Sconces. yet they could not get *Piccolomini* out of Salsfeld, both Armies lye now so close together, that they could not lye closer, insomuch that without a pitch'd battaile, they cannot part one from the other.

Coburg the 14. 24. of May.

This morning we received avisoes, that 6000 Swedish horsemen have surprized an Imperiall quarter betwixt Rudelstatt and Mulberg, slaine some 100 of them, tooke many prisoners and obtained 9 standards. Both parties have order to fight.

Paris the 18. 28. of May.

The 9. of this moneth 150 horsemen and 70. foote of the garrisons of Chasteler. *Peronne* and St. *Quentin* went towards the Fort of Agincourt, which lyes betwixt Baupalme and Cambray, and after that they had surprized and pillaged the same they discry'd some Spanish forces both horse and foote, which were gone into France, whom they followed, they came into the Village of Ronsoy where they perceived an A

larum in the Vlage of Agincourt neere Chastilet, where the enemy hath tak n many Prisoners and obtained many horses and a rich booty, whereupon our souldiers marched against them and found them strong 3 Companies of horse divided into 3 Squadrons, and seconded by 30 foote with fire-locks, and being come in sight of the enemy our Horsemen divided themselves into 5 Squadrons, which gave so fierce fire against the enemy, that with the first charge they kill'd a Marshall and 11. horsemen and pursued after the rest to the first Fort of their Country, where some few saved themselves, but 60. were taken prisoners, all the goods, which they had taken were restored againe to the Peasants.

Erfurd the 14. 24 of May.

At this instant wee receive avisoes, that Generall *Bannier* hath totally routed and defeated the *Crabats* that very few of them escaped alive.

A List of the overthrow of the Spanish Army before Cazall the 20. 30 of April.

In the River of *Poeare* drowned above a 1000 souldiers; and in the field were found dead 2300 men. Wounded 1400. Prisoners 2000. Wagons loaden with Baggage were taken 1500. 2000 Barrels of Gun-powder, 1000 weight of Matches, 2000 Fire-balls, 4000 weight of Musquet bullets, 30 Coaches, 4000 Carts and Wagons, 9 great Pieces of Ordnance, and 36 others; 2 Morter pieces, 52 Ensignes, 32 Standards. Of the Prisoners that were taken, the chiefeft are *Vasquies* Lieutenant Generall of the Artillery, *Don Carlo Hatta*, Count *Biglia*, Marquis *Belaviano*, *Don Alphonso* and others; Of those that were then slaine, the chiefeft are *Don Alardy*, Marquis *Carisana* Generall of the Horse, the Baron of *Osuman* Lieutenant Generall of the horse, Field-marshal *Mora*, Marquis *de Sancto*, besides many Captaines and other Officers.

An Extract of a Letter from Franckford the 24 of May, the 3 of June.

As for newes I cannot but certifie you, that we have received

certaine avises, that 4000 Imperiall Curassiers and 3000 light horsemen are totally routed and defeated by the Swedes, and that an Austrian Earle is brought prisoner into Erfurd, yea they say, that the whole Imperiall Army is overthrowne and *Piccolomini* mortally wounded, (some have letters, that 28000 of the Imperialists are slaine and taken prisoners, the certainty whereof we shall heare by the next.) It is likewise certaine, that the Swedish Generall Major *Stollhans* with his Army hath likewise defeated the Imperiall Army in Silesia, and that he is gone already into Bohemia and come as farre as *Leutmaritz*, so that the Imperialists have their enemy before and behind them. The last letters from France bring certaine newes, that the French vnder the command of the Count of *Harcourt* hath taken by assault the City of *Thurino*, and Prince *Thomas* prisoner, and they write also, that the said Count of *Harcourt* hath given againe an vtter overthrow to the Spanish Army, which was comming to relieve the said City of *Thurino*. They write also from Paris that the whole Kingdome of *Catalonia* is in vproare and that they have kill'd already many 1000 Castilians.

From Holland,

Erford the 8. 18. of May.

THe other day about 11. of the clocke the *Luneburgish*, *Hessish*, and *Weymarish* forces arrived safely here, and before this City in the open field they keepe a generall mustering the Generalls of the said forces were received by Generall *Bannier* with great reverence, all the Canons discharged and a volley of shot made with musquets. Yesterday rose from hence the whole Army & marched against Gen: *Piccolomini*, who lyed on the River of *Saala*, Fieldmarshall *Hatzfeld* hath already forsaken his quarter, and is retired over the River of *Saala*, throwing off all bridges over the said River: The Army of Generall *Bannier* consisted of 22000. horse and foote, the *Weymarish* consisted of 10000. men: the *Hessish* and *Luneburgish* Army of 12000. men, all stout and lusty souldiers. The Imperialists

likewise very strong, they speake of 60000. men. The Castle of *Tetshen* in *Bohemia* is surrendred upon discretion to the Saxon and Imperiall troopes, after that they had taken by assault the out-workes, and were ready to doe the like to the Castle. The Swedish Gen: Major *Stollhans* hath defeated in *Silesia* neare *Hirshberg* and *Goldberg* the Imperiall Army under the command of the Count of *Mansfield*, ruinated 3 Regiments and obtained all the baggage, and taken prisoners both Colonels *Palofsky* and *Limpo* together with others.

Paris the 9. 19. of May.

This day was sung heere *Te Deum laudamus* for the Victory, which the Count of *Harcourt* had in *Italy*. The French King hath sent faire presents to the Count of *Harcourt*, and hath made the Governour in *Cazall* an Earle, and to all the Officers which had performed good service in the fight, presents were given. Vpon this Victory the said Count of *Harcourt* hath besieged the City of *Thurino*, and hath reinforced his army with 4000. men, and 6000. more, which are already in the way, are likewise to joyne with him. The Baron of *Arnauld* hath besieged the Castle of *Poligny* in the French County, but was beaten away againe by *Marquis Villeroy*, who obtained all his Canons and Baggage: Duke *Charles* of *Lorraine* hath likewise had some losse.

Wee have newes here, that the Count of *Harcourt* hath taken the bridge over the River of *Poe*, the Capurynner Sconce before *Thurino* and all the outworkes, insomuch that the City will likewise not be able to hold out long. Yesterday wee received avisoes, that the City is taken already by assault, and that all the Spanyards are put to the sword, and Prince *Thomas* taken prisoner. The French King is gone to *Reims* to keepe his Court there to be the nearer to the siege of *Charlemont*.

Liege the 16. 26. of May.

Charlemont is now close besieged and Monsieur de *Milleray* is likewise to come with his army before it.

The French King is at *Soy sons*. At *Hesdin* and *Dourans* are erected great Magazins. The Spanish Army under the com-

mand of the Marquis of Leden hath order to march towards Mabeuse to succour and relieve Charlemont. The report goes that 40 barrels of Gun-powder in the camp before Charlemont, some speak of more, are blown up, w^{ch} hath done great harme both to the men and to the Artillery. The French have plundered and afterwards fired Orimont, Guay, and Chimay.

Hamberough the 16. 26. of May.

Generall *Piccolomini* hath mustered his Campe, and is passed thereupon the River of Saala taking his Head-quarter betwixt Witsenfeia & Longen Salza to expect their the Swedish Army: In the meane time the said *Piccolomini* caused the little City of Ilmen to be surprised, wherein he ruinated betweene 2 and 300. Swedish souldiers: Generall *Bannier* is risen from *Erfurd* with a strong Army, if *Piccolomini* doth stand to it, it will prove a most bloody battaile.

Sluys the 17. 27. of May.

The Prince of *Orange* lyes with his army yet at Maldegem, where hee doth entrench himselfe; In the encounter neare the new Ferry, wherof mention was made heretofore, we have lost 38 men and 40 were wounded, since that time nothing is passed. Count William of Nassaw Field-marshal could not hitherto do much good upon the Fort of St. *Donaes*, though he lyes very nigh to it, and they can sling into hand granadoes, he playes continually with his Canons upon it, and makes the same like a heape of earth: He labours likewise very hard to get over the River of Soete, over the Zoute he hath a bridge and two Batteries standing upon the Ditch. The Spanyards have cut through the Zoute with a trench to maintaine the better the River of Soete, if we doe maister the same then the said Sconce is lost, because all succour and provision is then cut off from them.

Flussingen the 17. 27. of May.

Here are arrived 3 ships, which came from Bordeaux, they have beene fighting for 6 houres long against 2 *Dunkerck* Frigates, one whereof carryed 18 and th'other 26 peeces of Ordnance: The 13. 23. of this moneth went through *Gent* towards *Bruges*, the Count of *Fountain* with many forces: Generall

Major Lamboy is going with his Army towards Mamur, Marquis de Leden, who lay the 13.23. of this moneth about Bael is to joyne with him.

From the Imperiall Campe at Salsfeld the 12. 22. of May.

The 8. 18. of this moneth about 10. of the clocke in the forenoone Gen: *Bannier* came with his whole army in a great fury before our Campe and finding us in a good posture after some hot skirmishes marched the same night towards *Rudels-
tat*, and the 9. 19. of this moneth presented himselfe againe in bat-
taille array; We remained in our trenches, and the charges
dured all the day long, assoone as the Bavarian forces have
joyned with us, we shall resolve another thing, in the meane
time Gen: *Bannier* descryes all the passages hereabouts, and we
seare, that he will besiege us and march against Leipzigh, ye-
sternight Generall *Bannier* came to *Rudels-
tat*, and being he is
better furnished with provision, it is likely he will stay herea-
bouts a good while. Last night hee had his quarter in both
Valleys *Blanckenberg* and *Rudels-
tat*, and neare the Cloyster of
Munchenberg he planted the Canons, and advanced within 2
or 3 musquet shots of our trenches, and being we can get no
provision from *Altenburg* and *Swartzenburg*, we shall shortly
resolve one way or other.

Franckford the 18. 28. of May.

From *Prague* and *Leipzigh* is written that the Swedish Ge-
nerall *Major Stollbans* hath defeated about *Hirishberg* in *Silefia*
9 Imperiall Regiments, taken a great number prisoners, a-
mongst which are Colonell *Palofsky* and *Limpo*, obtained all
their Canons and baggage, and upon this victory he advanced
within 8 leagues of *Leutmaritz*.

From *Franconia* of the 15. 25. of this moneth is written, that
Generall *Bannier* hath burn'd downe the Suburbs at *Kala*,
found a great store of provision in the City and maistered a
passage over the River of *Saala*, from thence he marched to-
wards *Katzen-
stein*, not farre from *Salsfeld*. The *Crabats* which
were commanded against him are totally routed and defea-
ted.

Flussingen the 19. 29. of May.

St. *Donaes* remaines yet close besieged, Count *Willm* hath put foure Companies behind the Sconce together with mortar peece to send from thence continually fire-balls into the said Fort. The Spaniards come yet in and out the Fort along the river of *Soete*, and within the Sconce they have made divers deepe holes into the wall to shelter themselves gainst the Granadoes, and the women and children are for the most part departed out of the Sconce; In the meane time the besieged shoot very little with their Canons, and the other Sconces as namely St. *Frederick* & the *Star-sconce* shoot less onely those of St. *Iob* thunder continually with their canons.

The ships w^{ch} transported our horsemen lie before *Ramekin*.

Vpon the Ditch of the *Soete* and *Zoute* they shoot fiercely one upon another.

Flussingen the 21. 31. of May.

The Prince of *Orange* lyes with his Army yet at *Maldegh* there is as yet but little hope of the getting of St. *Donaes* long as wee cannot get over the river of *Soete*.

Amsterdam the 23 of May, the 2 of Iune.

The 16. 26 of this moneth, Marquis *de Leden* marched with 8000 men both horse and foote over the bridge at *Antwerp*. The gates at *Hulst* have been kept shut above three dayes long and suffered no man to come in or out.

The report goes, that the French King and Marshall *de Chastillon* are comming with a strong army towards *Flanders*, it is thought that they will joyne with the Prince of *Orange*.

All the bands of Ordonnancie are now in the field, out of every Company 20 men are taken and put under the weak Spanish companies.

Our Admirall *Martin Harpers Tromp*, wee heare is to go within few dayes to Sea.

The French continue still the siege before *Charlemont*, and fortifie themselves before it exceedingly.

Imprimatur

Philip. Minutellius.

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